

It is easy to apply, but there are some knacks to learn and a little



Apply wax to a thin layer!

How to apply wax

Okay :D

You only repeat "Rubbing the object with a dry cloth right after applying wax from the back to the front within reaching distance," and it is finished!

Apply our "Unbleached bees wax" into a very thin layer, and it proves its worth.

It is indoor use only paint

1 Prepare wax and tools.



Unbleached bees wax, Curry spoon, A sponge, A piece of cloth (such as old T-shirt made of cotton), Curing sheet, Curing tape

2 Cure around waxing area.



Note: Wax may make a stain if it sticks to mud wall, wall paper, or baseboard.

3 Open up a lid.



A lid easily opens with a spoon. *The picture shows 1-liter can.

4 Put wax on the sponge and



Thinning half spoon of wax (approximately 5g).
*You can apply 0.4 m² for cedar and 0.5 m² for Japanese cypress.

5 Start applying wax from the back,



Start with holding the sponge lightly and move it smoothly.



Keep applying from back to front within your reaching distance, carefully not to make an application unevenness.

***Please do not press the sponge down too strong.**

***It is not recommended pressing tightly.**

From back to front



A Color may change depending on kinds of trees.

● The degree of change of color may vary depending on kinds of trees or how they are cut. (The top shows the condition after application, and the bottom shows the condition before application).

Cypress About 90 m ² / 1L	Cedar About 70 m ² / 1L	Zelkova About 100 m ² / 1L	Ash About 100 m ² / 1L	Oak About 100 m ² / 1L	Chestnut About 100 m ² / 1L	Karin About 100 m ² / 1L	Walnut About 100 m ² / 1L	Cheek About 100 m ² / 1L	Maple About 100 m ² / 1L

You can watch how to apply wax on movie.



6 Make sure if there is no application unevenness.



You apply too much in this picture!

After finishing applying wax on the sponge, spreading it evenly.



*Wax permeates deeply in the cedar and looks making unevenness, stains become inconspicuous as time passes.

7 Rub the area with a dry cloth right after application.



The area should look dry and smooth.

⚠ Do not use waxed cloth.

8 Remember an amount of area you apply wax at a time



Remember how wide you applied at a time with half spoon of wax (approximately 5g), and you can calculate the next area and apply wax without unevenness.

If you apply wax with your children, please be sure to make them handle very small amount of wax and thin it.

9 Wait for 12-24 hours until the area become completely dry.



Repeat section 4~7 until you complete applying the area. After 12-24 hours and it becomes dry, it is finished.

⚠ Dispose of a sponge and cloth after soaking them with water. There could be a risk of the fire when they were plied up while containing oil.

● See our website for more details on other kinds of trees.

Hiba About90 m ² / 1L	Ginkgo About100 m ² / 1L	Enju About100 m ² / 1L	Satinwood About100 m ² / 1L	Magnolia About100 m ² / 1L	Magnolia About100 m ² / 1L	Katsura About100 m ² / 1L	Paulownia About100 m ² / 1L	Cherry Blossoms About100 m ² / 1L	Evergreen oak About100 m ² / 1L